Stevensville Primary School CHILD SAFE (PREVIOUSLY MANDATORY REPORTING/ CHILD PROTECTION) POLICY



Purpose:

To define the roles and responsibilities of school staff in protecting the safety and wellbeing of children and young people and to enable staff to:

- identify indicators that a child or young person may be in need of protection.
- make a report about a child or young person who may be in need of protection
- comply with reporting obligations under child protection law and criminal law and fulfil their duty of care.
- support and respect all children, as well as our staff and volunteers. We are committed to the
 cultural safety of Aboriginal children, the cultural safety of children from culturally and/or
 linguistically diverse backgrounds, and to providing a safe environment for children with a
 disability.

Guidelines:

- School staff have a duty of care to protect the safety, health and wellbeing of children in their
 care. If a staff member has concerns about the safety, health and wellbeing of children in their
 care they should take immediate action.
- We have zero tolerance of child abuse, and all allegations and safety concerns will be treated very seriously and consistently with our robust policies and procedures.
- This policy takes into account relevant legislative requirements within the state of Victoria, including the specific requirements of the Victorian Child Safe Standards as set out in Ministerial Order No. 870.
- Child abuse can have a significant effect on a child's physical or emotional health, development and well-being.
- Our school records any child safety complaints, disclosures or breaches of the Child Safety Code
 of Conduct, and stores the records in accordance with security and privacy requirements. Our
 school complies with legal obligations that relate to managing the risk of child abuse under the
 Children, Youth and Families Act 2005 (Vic.), the Crimes Act 1958 (Vic.) and the
 recommendations of the <u>Betrayal of Trust</u> report.
- Definitions of terms used in this policy are as follows:

Child: A child or a young person enrolled as a student at the school.

Child abuse includes:

- (a) any act committed against a child involving:
 - (i) a sexual offence
 - (ii) an offence under section 49B(2) of the Crimes Act 1958 (grooming)
- (b) the infliction, on a child, of:
 - (i) physical violence
 - (ii) serious emotional or psychological harm
- (c) serious neglect of a child. (Ministerial Order No. 870)

Child safety encompasses matters related to protecting all children from child abuse, managing the risk of child abuse, providing support to a child at risk of child abuse, and responding to incidents or allegations of child abuse. (Ministerial Order No. 870)

Child neglect: The failure by a parent or caregiver to provide a child (where they are in a position to do so) with the conditions that are culturally accepted as being essential for their physical and emotional development and wellbeing. (Safe Schools Hub)

Child physical abuse: Generally, child physical abuse refers to the non-accidental use of physical force against a child that results in harm to the child. Physically abusive behaviours include shoving, hitting, slapping, shaking, throwing, punching, kicking, biting, burning, strangling and poisoning. The fabrication or induction of an illness by a parent or carer (previously known as Munchausen syndrome by proxy) is also considered physically abusive behaviour. (Safe Schools Hub)

Child protection: Statutory services designed to protect children who are at risk of serious harm. (<u>Safe</u> Schools Hub)

Child sexual abuse: Any sexual activity between a child under the age of consent (16) and an adult or older person (i.e. a person five or more years older than the victim) is child sexual abuse. Child sexual abuse can also be:

- any sexual behaviour between a child and an adult in a position of power or authority over them (e.g.
 a teacher); the age of consent laws do not apply in such instances due to the strong imbalance of
 power that exists between young people and authority figures, as well as the breaching of both
 personal and public trust that occurs when professional boundaries are violated
- any sexual behaviour between a child and an adult family member, regardless of issues of consent, equality or coercion
- sexual activity between peers that is non-consensual or involves the use of power or coercion
- non-consensual sexual activity between minors (e.g. a 14-year-old and an 11-year-old), or any sexual behaviour between a child and another child or adolescent who, due to their age or stage of development, is in a position of power, trust or responsibility over the victim. Sexual activity between adolescents at a similar developmental level is not considered abuse. (Safe Schools Hub)

Mandatory Reporting: The legal requirement to report suspected cases of child abuse and neglect is known as mandatory reporting. Mandated persons include teachers, nurses, police, psychologists, psychiatrists and medical practitioners. (Safe Schools Hub)

Reasonable Belief: When staff are concerned about the safety and wellbeing of a child or young person, they must assess that concern to determine if a report should be made to the relevant agency. This process of considering all relevant information and observations is known as forming a 'reasonable belief'. A 'reasonable belief' or a 'belief on reasonable grounds' is not the same as having proof but is more than mere rumour or speculation. A 'reasonable belief' is formed if a reasonable person in the same position would have formed the belief on the same grounds.

School environment means any physical or virtual place made available or authorised by the school governing authority for use by a child during or outside school hours, including:

- (a) a campus of the school
- (b) online school environments (including email and intranet systems)
- (c) other locations provided by the school for a child's use (including, without limitation, locations used for school camps, sporting events, excursions, competitions, and other events). (<u>Ministerial Order</u> <u>No. 870</u>)

School staff means an individual working in a school environment who is:

- (a) directly engaged or employed by a school governing authority
- (b) a volunteer or a contracted service provider (whether or not a body corporate or any other person is an intermediary) (Ministerial Order No. 870)
 - Our school has robust human resources and recruitment practices for all staff and volunteers which includes policies and procedures to identify and minimise the risk of child abuse.
 - Our school is committed to regularly training and educating our staff and volunteers on child abuse risks.
 - We support and respect all children, as well as our staff and volunteers. We are committed to the cultural safety of Aboriginal children, the cultural safety of children from culturally and/or linguistically diverse backgrounds, and to providing a safe environment for children with a disability

Implementation:

- All staff will adhere to relevant codes of conduct such as Ministerial Order 199 Section 11
- All volunteers/contractors in the school who engage in child connected work will agree and adhere to the school's Child Safety- Code of Conduct
- Copies of Child Safety Policies from service providers to the school will be kept on file with all school based policy documents and regularly reviewed in conjunction with this policy according to the school's policy review schedule or as necessary to ensure compliance with current legislation and policies
- Key Student Wellbeing Contacts for the school will be identified and documented through Staff
 Key Responsibility Document reviewed at the beginning of each year
- A SSSO Key Contact will be established at the beginning of the year with regular meeting times each week
- Current Working with Children documentation kept in folder in Administration area and approved by school council- including volunteers/workers in the Community Hub
- Current copies of VIT registrations kept on staff personel files in fire proof safe in Administration area
- The school will develop student's resilience, knowledge and skills in understanding diversity through the implementation of The Leader in Me
- Health Education units will be taught across the school that includes developing students' knowledge and skills to develop and maintain healthy and respectful relationships (including sexuality)
- The school's leadership team will maintain journals/files outlining interactions with DHHSincluding details regarding Mandatory Reports made, actions taken, caseworker details and relevant dates/actions taken
- Relevant staff/ bodies will be notified e.g. SSSO Staff, SOCIT, Emergency Management, Vic Police, if an incident is reported and documentation related to report kept in student wellbeing files housed in Principal's Office
- All staff will complete the Department online learning module on Mandatory Reporting at the
 beginning of each school year, or as soon as practicable if employment commences throughout
 the year. Copies of this certificate will be kept on staff personnel files and with the school OH & S
 representative.

- A clear induction process will occur for all new staff/volunteers or contractors engaged in child connected work to ensure they are aware and comply with the school's Child Safety policies
- Staff understanding of their obligations under Ministerial Order No 870 will be monitored and reviewed as part of the school's Performance and Development process
- When recruiting and selecting employees, contractors and volunteers involved in childconnected work, we make all reasonable efforts to:
 - confirm the applicant's Working with Children Check and National Police Check status and/or professional registration (as relevant)
 - obtain proof of personal identity and any professional or other qualifications
 - verify the applicant's history of work involving children
 - obtain references that address the applicant's suitability for the job and working with children
- All planning for an excursion/incursion/camp will include the completion of the risk management
 documentation that includes an identification of the risk of child abuse and a clear outline of the
 steps taken to minimise this risk for each activity the students participate in throughout the year.
- A copy of the school's excursion/incursion/camp policy, that includes the risk management
 document mentioned in the previous point will be provided to all teaching staff at the beginning
 of the year and form part of the school's beginning of year induction for all staff
- In cases where staff have concerns about a child or young person, they should discuss their concerns with the Principal or a member of the school leadership team.
- Mandatory reporters, who believe on reasonable grounds that a child or young person is in need
 of protection from physical injury or sexual abuse, must report their concerns to Department of
 Health and Human Services (DHHS) Child Protection. Mandatory reporters include: Teachers
 registered to teach or who have permission to teach pursuant to the Education and Training
 Reform Act 2006 (Vic), Principals of government and non-government schools, Registered
 medical practitioners, nurses and all members of the police force
- All other school staff members who form a belief on reasonable grounds that a child or young person:
 - is in need of protection, should report their concerns to DHHS Child Protection or Victoria Police.
 - is displaying sexually abusive behaviours and is in need of therapeutic treatment should report their concerns to DHHS Child Protection.
- If staff have significant concerns for the wellbeing of a child or young person they should report their concerns to DHHS Child Protection or Child FIRST.
- Any staff member who forms a reasonable belief that a sexual offence has been committed in Victoria by an adult against a child under 16 must disclose that information to police. Failure to disclose the information to police is a criminal offence, except in limited circumstances such as where the information has already been reported to DHHS Child Protection. The offence applies to all adults in Victoria, not just professionals who work with children.
- Any staff member in a position of authority, who becomes aware that an adult associated with their organisation (such as an employee, contractor, volunteer or visitor) poses a risk of sexual abuse to a child under the care, authority or supervision of the organisation, must take all reasonable steps to remove or reduce that risk. This may include, for example, removing the adult from child-related work pending investigation. If a staff member in a position of authority

fails to take reasonable steps in these circumstances, this may amount to a criminal offence. The offence applies only to **adults in a position of authority** within an organisation, including Principals, senior school staff, regional directors and other senior managers.

- Where an employee is suspected of breaching any obligation, duty or responsibility within this
 Policy, the Principal may start the process under Complaints, Misconduct and Unsatisfactory
 Performance guidelines for managing employment concerns. This may result in disciplinary
 consequences.
- Where the Principal is suspected of breaching any obligation, duty or responsibility within this
 policy, the concerned party is advised to contact the Regional Director. Relevant notification
 should also be made to the Department of Education and Training.
- Where any other member of the school community is suspected of breaching any obligation, duty or responsibility within this policy, the school is to take appropriate action, including but not limited to, contacingt Department of Education (Conduct and Ethics Branch and Legal Branch) and Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), Vic Police
- A report should be made to DHHS Child Protection in circumstances where, for example:
 - the child is engaging in risk-taking behavior
 - female genital mutilation has occurred, or there is a risk of it occurring
 - there is a risk to an unborn child
 - a child or young person is exhibiting sexually-abusive behaviours
 - there are indications that a child is being groomed.
- Individual Learning Plans and/or Care Teams, will be developed for all students identified as either being at risk or a victim of child abuse

Evaluation:

This policy will be reviewed with staff, student, parent and community input as part of the school's three year review cycle.